



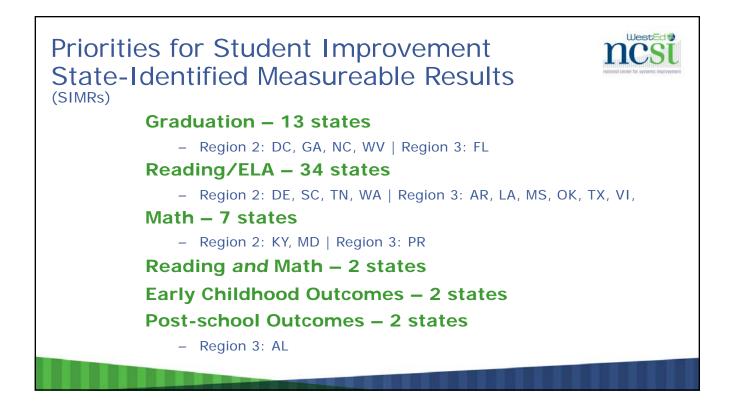
Transforming State Systems to Improve Outcomes for Children with Disabilities

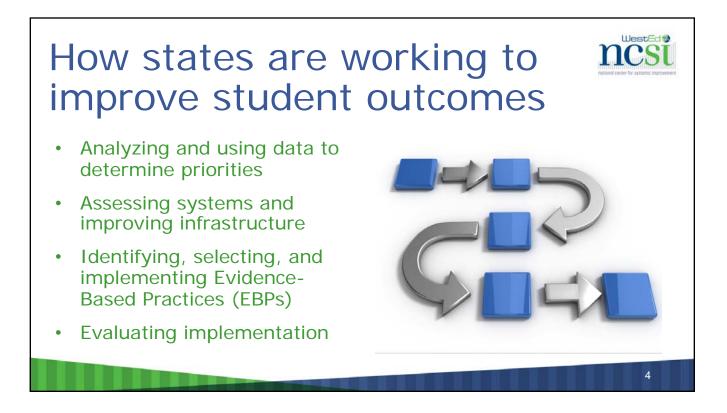
State Education Agency Leadership to Improve Outcomes for K-12 Students with Disabilities

A national perspective on the implementation of State Systemic Improvement Plans (SSIPs)

Rorie Fitzpatrick, WestEd, NCSI Director | 08.08.2017







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SSIP Evidence-Based Practices Across the Country

- Multi-Tier Systems of Support (MTSS)
- Positive Behavior Intervention Support (PBIS)
- Universal Design for Learning (UDL)
- Dropout prevention
- Inclusive practices

- Culturally/linguistically
 effective instruction
- Transition services
- Early warning systems
- DEC recommended practices
- Connections with adult service providers

Actions to support implementation of EBPs

- Job-embedded support systems for educators (coaches, mentors, professional learning leaders)
- State level implementation teams
- Systems to collect and use data about implementation practices
- Regional/local TA teams to support local providers
- Strengthening organizational structures, policies, resources
- Establishing communication protocols for sharing info. up, down, & across stakeholders









States Plans to Improve SSIP Implementation

- Improving parent and family stakeholder engagement
- Developing strategies to ensure quality data collection
- Aligning SSIPs and State Personnel Development Grants (SPDGs)
- Offering professional learning
- Engaging external SSIP evaluators
- Conducting district-level needs assessments

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Barriers States Anticipate for Continued SSIP Implementation

- Insufficient funds and/or other resources to support EBPs
- Personnel shortages, staff turnover, and personnel capacity
- Insufficient systems alignment within state agencies and/or with and within other infrastructures
- Communication and collaboration challenges
- Technology challenges
- Competing obligations
- Data access and data quality

